

Regular Meeting ● February 14, 2007 ● Wednesday Evening ● 7:30pm

**SEA GIRT BOROUGH COUNCIL
SEA GIRT ELEMENTARY SCHOOL
RT. #71 and BELL PLACE
SEA GIRT, NJ**

MINUTES

CALL TO ORDER

Council President Clemmensen called the meeting to order at 7:30pm.

SALUTE OF THE FLAG

Council President Clemmensen led the Council in the flag salute.

COMPLIANCE STATEMENT:

The Clerk read the following statement: "In compliance with the "Open Public Meetings Act", Chapter 231, PL. 1975, Section 5, adequate notice has been given of this meeting by posting a Notice in a public place and by transmitting a Notice to two newspapers, Asbury Park Press and the Coast Star as required by law".

ROLL CALL: Mayor Ed Ahern, absent, Council President Mark Clemmensen, present, Councilpersons, Ken Farrell, absent, Fred E. Niemeyer, present, Raymond Bogan, absent, Anne Morris, present, Don Fetzer, present.

CONSENT AGENDA

(All matters listed hereunder are considered to be routine in nature and will be enacted in one motion. Any person may request that an item be removed for separate consideration).

Councilwoman Morris offered and moved the following Consent Agenda, Seconded Councilman Niemeyer.

- A. Approve Minutes 1-24-2007
- B. R-34-2007 Resolution Authorizing Agreement with Monmouth County for Mosquito Control Measures

WHEREAS, the Governing Body of the Borough of Sea Girt in the County of Monmouth, State of New Jersey, a municipal corporation, does hereby authorize the Monmouth County Mosquito Extermination Commission to apply pesticides from aircraft to control mosquitoes over portions of Borough of Sea Girt, and

WHEREAS, we understand all pesticides used are registered with the NJDEP for aerial application by the State and the USEPA, and

WHEREAS, it is further understood that the areas being treated are only those found to have a significantly high mosquito population and may present either a public health nuisance or disease factor.

NOW, THEREFORE BE IT RESOLVED, this approval is subject to the Monmouth County Mosquito Extermination Commission notifying the local police department prior to each and every application.

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, that the Mayor and the Borough Clerk of the Borough of Sea Girt are hereby authorized to sign such agreement.

C. R-35-2007 Resolution Memorializing the Appointment of James Carton IV as Municipal Prosecutor

WHEREAS, the Borough of Sea Girt is in need of a Municipal Prosecutor, and

WHEREAS, James Carton IV has experience as a Municipal Prosecutor, and

WHEREAS, at a meeting of the Governing Body on January 24, 2007, the Governing Body of the Borough of Sea Girt did affirm the appointment of James Carton IV as Municipal Prosecutor effective 1-1-2007.

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED, James Carton IV, is hereby appointed to the position of Municipal Prosecutor for the Borough of Sea Girt at an annual salary of \$10,500.00.

The foregoing Consent Agenda was approved by the following Roll Call Vote:

AYES: Niemeyer, Clemmensen, Morris, Fetzer

NAYS: None

ABSTAIN: None

ABSENT: Farrell, Bogan

OPEN DISCUSSION (Council is invited to speak on any subject)

Council President Clemmensen asked if there were any items that the Council would like to discuss at this time. There were no items brought forward. Council President Clemmensen on a personal note, said that his son was home from Iraq and that he would like to thank all of those that sent him well wishes and kept him in their prayers.

PUBLIC PARTICIPATION (comments limited to items on the agenda for 7 minutes, with additional comments, follow up comments and “other” subjects shall in turn be limited to 3 minutes)

Council President Clemmensen opened the meeting to public participation at 7:35pm. Being there were no members of the public wishing to speak the Council President closed public participation at 7:36pm.

OLD BUSINESS

Washington Blvd.. Street Lighting Project – Update

Council President Clemmensen reported that the Borough received bids, however due to the scope of work that the project now entails it has been recommended by the Borough Engineer that the bid be re-advertised and that the current bids be rejected.

Council President Clemmensen offered and moved the following Resolution, Seconded, Councilman Niemeyer.

**RESOLUTION TO REJECT BIDS PEDESTRIAN AREA STREET LIGHTING
WASHINGTON BLVD STREET LIGHTING PROJECT.**

WHEREAS, Mayor and Council of the Borough of Sea Girt have received five bids for the installation of Pedestrian Area Street located at Washing Blvd. and Sixth Avenue, and

WHEREAS, the Borough of Sea Girt had in its Notice to Bidders reserved the right to reject any and all bids, and

WHEREAS, Washington Blvd. is a County Highway and all plans for improvement to it must be approved by the Monmouth County Engineering Department and the Borough is considering alternative plans for accomplishment of the project which would be less intrusive upon adjacent property owners, and

WHEREAS, the Borough Engineer has recommended rejection of all bids.

NOW, THEREFORE BE IT RESOLVED, that all bids for the Pedestrian Area Street Lighting Project be and they hereby are rejected.

The foregoing Resolution was approved by the following roll call vote:

AYES: Niemeyer, Clemmensen, Morris, Fetzer

NAYS: None

ABSTAIN: None

ABSENT: Bogan, Farrell

Interlocal Agreement – Construction Services Update

The Municipal Clerk stated Councilman Farrell had worked very hard on this agreement and that this is an agreement that will best serve the residents of the Borough. She stated that the Borough had previously passed a resolution consenting to the concept of an Interlocal Services Agreement for the purpose of providing Construction Services for the Borough of Sea Girt. This agreement is a interlocal with Spring Lake, Spring Lake Heights and Brielle. The final details have been essentially hammered out and asked that the Borough Council approve the following Resolution.

Councilman Niemeyer offered and moved the following resolution, Seconded, Council President Clemmensen.

R-37-2007 Resolution to Affirm Construction Services Interlocal

**RESOLUTION AUTHORIZING AND APPROVING INTERLOCAL
SERVICES AGREEMENT BETWEEN THE BOROUGH OF SEA GIRT,
BOROUGH OF BRIELLE, BOROUGH OF SPRING LAKE HEIGHTS**

**AND THE BOROUGH OF SPRING LAKE, FOR THE PROVISION OF
CONSTRUCTION CODE SERVICES**

WHEREAS, the Interlocal Services Act, N.J.S.A. 40:8A-1 et seq. permits local units of this State to enter into a contract with any other local unit for the joint provision within their combined jurisdictions of any service which any party to the agreement is empowered to render within its own jurisdiction, and

WHEREAS, in accordance with said Act, NJAC 5:25-4.6 authorizes municipalities to provide construction code services, including administration and enforcement of the applicable regulations, pursuant to an authorized Interlocal Services Agreement; and

WHEREAS, the Borough of Sea Girt, the Borough of Brielle, the Borough of Spring Lake Heights, and the Borough of Spring Lake have consented to authorizing and approving a joint provision for construction code services: and

WHEREAS, in accordance with that consent, the Borough of Sea Girt, the Borough of Brielle, the Borough of Spring Lake Heights and the Borough of Spring Lake shall enter into an Interlocal Services Agreement dated February 1, 2007 (the "Initial Agreement") or as soon thereafter as practical, for the provision of certain construction code services to the Borough of Sea Girt in exchange for a percentage of the fees generated by the construction fees generated within the Borough of Sea Girt, and

WHEREAS, the Borough of Sea Girt, the Borough of Brielle, the Borough of Spring Lake Heights and the Borough of Spring Lake have negotiated an Interlocal Services Agreement for the joint provision of construction code services for a term of four (4) years.

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED, by the Borough Council of the Borough of Sea Girt, County of Monmouth, State of New Jersey, that an Agreement between the Borough of Sea Girt, Borough of Brielle, the Borough of Spring Lake Heights and the Borough of Spring Lake in a form substantially identical to that attached hereto, be and hereby is authorized and accepted and the proper official of the Borough of Sea Girt are authorized to execute said Agreement, subject to final approval of the Council Liaison to the Construction Department.

The foregoing Resolution was approved by the following Roll Call Vote:

AYES: Niemeyer, Clemmensen, Morris, Fetzer

NAYS: None

ABSTAIN: None

ABSENT: Bogan, Farrell

The Clerk read the following Ordinance by Title, a full copy of the ordinance was available to the public.

Ordinance 2007-01 Ordinance to Provide Ranges for Salaries of Borough Employees:

ORDINANCE 2007-01
AN ORDINANCE TO AMEND THE CODE OF THE BOROUGH OF SEA GIRT,
“SALARIES AND COMPENSATIONS:”

BE IT ORDAINED, by the Mayor and Borough Council of the Borough of Sea Girt in the County of Monmouth and the State of New Jersey as follows:

SECTION 1. The following officers and employment designations are hereby confirmed and the rate of compensation of each officer and employee of the Borough of Sea Girt, whose compensation shall be on an annual basis, is not to exceed:

	<u>SALARY RANGE</u>
MAYOR	4,500.00 - 6,000.00
COUNCIL MEMBERS	3,500.00 - 5,000.00
ADMINISTRATOR	50,000 – 108,000.00
BOROUGH CLERK	15,000.00 - 55,000.00
PURCHASING AGENT	4,000.00 - 10,000.00
UTILITY COLLECTOR	15,000.00- 55,000.00
DEPUTY MUNICIPAL CLERK	1,000.00 - 2,500.00
ASST OFFICE CLERK ADMIN	5,000.00 - 55,000.00
CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER	15,000.00 - 55,000.00
TREASURER	1,500.00 -12,500.00
DEPUTY TREASURER	1,000.00 – 2,500.00
TAX ASSESSOR	7,000.00 - 17,500.00
ASSESSMENT SEARCH OFFICER	1,000.00 - 5,000.00
TAX COLLECTOR	1,000.00 - 25,000.00
DEPUTY TAX COLLECTOR	1,000.00 – 2,500.00
TAX SEARCH OFFICER	2,000.00 - 10,000.00
MUNICIPAL COURT ADMINISTRATOR	25,000.00 - 55,000.00
ZONING OFFICER	45,000.00 - 70,000.00
PLANNING/ZONING BOARD SECRETARY	2,250.00 - 10,000.00
ARCHIVIST	1,000.00 – 3,500.00
RECREATION DIRECTOR	8,500.00 - 17,500.00
RECYCLING COORDINATOR	3,000.00 - 8,000.00
PUBLIC WORKS SUPERINTENDENT	80,000.00 –115,000.00
PUBLIC WORKS ASST. SUPERINTENDENT	65,000.00 – 85,000.00
PUBLIC WORKS FOREMAN	55,000.00 –75,000.00
PUBLIC WORKS MECHANIC	35,000.00 - 55,000.00
WATER TECHNICIAN	10,000.00- 55,000.00
POLICE CHIEF	105,000.00 - 135,000.00
CAPTAIN	100,000.00- 128,000.00
LIEUTENANT	95,000.00- 123,000.00
SERGEANT	60,000.00 - 85,000.00
PATROL OFFICER 1 st - 4 th yr	42,000.00- 97,000.00

PROBATIONARY PATROLMAN	33,000.00-38,000.00
SPECIAL POLICE – CLASS I per hour	10.00 - 20.00
SPECIAL POLICE – CLASS II per hour	12.00 – 15.00
DISPATCHER	22,000.00 – 45,000.00
POLICE RECORDS OFFICER	1,000.00 - 3,000.00
ASSISTANT RECORDS OFFICER	500.00 - 1,500.00
HOUSING INSPECTOR	1,500.00 - 6,500.00
FIRE PREVENTION OFFICER	1,500.00 - 5,000.00
WELFARE DIRECTOR	1,500.00- 4,000.00
MUNICIPAL COURT JUDGE	15,000.00 – 35,000.00

SECTION 2. Part-time employees may be employed and the following compensation is hereby authorized:

MUNICIPAL COURT JUDGE (per DUI court session)	250.00 - 500.00
BOROUGH PROSECUTOR (per court session)	350.00 – 500.00
PUBLIC DEFENDER (per session)	250.00 – 500.00
BOROUGH ATTORNEY (an annual retainer)	15,000.00 – 45,000.00
DETECTIVE per annum	\$500.00

The following on an hourly basis:

MUNICIPAL COURT ADMINISTRATOR	15.00 - 25.00
RECREATION CAMP DIRECTOR	7.75 - 25.00
DEPUTY MUNICIPAL COURT CLERK	10.00 - 20.00
SECURITY GUARD	10.00 - 25.00
FIRE PREVENTION OFFICER	25.00 - 35.00
POLICE MATRON	8.50 - 25.00
POLICE THIRD PARTY DETAILS	45.00 - 60.00
SPECIAL POLICE CROSSING GUARD	10.00 - 25.00
SPECIAL POLICE ROAD DETAIL	35.00 - 60.00
SCHOOL CROSSING GUARD	7.50 - 25.00
CROSSING GUARD SPECIAL EVENTS	8.00 - 35.00
CODE ENFORCEMENT OFFICER	15.00 - 30.00
DRUNK DRIVING ENFORCEMENT OFFICER	35.00 - 65.00
LIBRARIAN	15.00- 20.00
DOG/CAT CENSUS TAKER	8.00 - 25.00
CLERK/TYPIST	7.50 - 20.00
OFFICE CLERK	7.50 - 20.00
CLEAN COMMUNITIES LABORER	7.50 - 25.00
PUBLIC WORKS OTHER THEN MECHANIC	12.50 - 30.00
PART-TIME PUBLIC WORKS	7.50 - 25.00

PART-TIME TEMPORARY SEASONAL LABORER	7.15 - 25.00
GENERAL MAINTENANCE LABORER	7.15 - 30.00
OTHER HOURLY EMPLOYEES	7.15 - 30.00

SECTION 3. Employees with the exception of the Police Chief, Municipal Clerk and Public Works Supervisor, shall be compensated for overtime work at the rate of one and one-half times their regular hourly wage for time worked in excess of forty hours per week. Regular full-time office employees with the exception of the Borough Clerk, Tax Collector, Chief Financial Officer, and Utility Collector shall be compensated for hours worked in excess of 35 hours per week but less than 40 hours at their regular hourly rate.

SECTION 4. Full-time employees not covered under negotiated contract shall be paid for the following legal holidays:

- NEW YEAR'S DAY
- LINCOLN'S BIRTHDAY
- PRESIDENT'S DAY
- GOOD FRIDAY
- MEMORIAL DAY
- INDEPENDENCE DAY
- LABOR DAY
- COLUMBUS DAY
- GENERAL ELECTION DAY
- VETERAN'S DAY
- THANKSGIVING DAY
- DAY AFTER THANKSGIVING
- CHRISTMAS DAY

SECTION 5. The Chief Financial Officer is hereby authorized to make payments for vacation in advance in accordance with the following procedure. The employee shall notify the Chief Financial Officer in writing at least one month prior to the time the vacation will commence. The vacation pay shall be paid to the employee on the last working day before the vacation period commences.

Councilman Niemeyer opened the Public Hearing at 7:39pm. Seconded, Councilman Fetzer. Being there were no members of the public wishing to speak, Councilman Fetzer offered and moved to close the public hearing at 7:39pm, Seconded, Councilman

The foregoing Ordinance was approved by the following roll call vote:

AYES: Niemeyer, Morris, Clemmensen, Fetzer

NAYS: None

ABSTAIN: None

ABSENT: None

Council President Clemmensen offered and moved the following Resolution, Seconded, Councilwoman Morris.

RESOLUTION R-38-2007

A RESOLUTION REGULATING THE SALARIES OF THE EMPLOYEES OF THE BOROUGH OF SEA GIRT, COUNTY OF MONMOUTH, STATE OF NEW JERSEY AS FOLLOWS:

BE IT ORDAINED, BY THE MAYOR AND BOROUGH COUNCIL OF THE BOROUGH OF SEA GIRT IN THE COUNTY OF MONMOUTH, STATE OF NEW JERSEY AS FOLLOWS:

SECTION 1. The annual salaries of the Borough Employees shall be respectfully set as follows:

	<u>SALARY</u>
MAYOR	4,500.00
COUNCIL MEMBERS	3,500.00
BOROUGH CLERK	21,735.00
UTILITY COLLECTOR	21,735.00
DEPUTY MUNICIPAL CLERK	500.00
ASST OFFICE CLERK ADMIN	48,252.00
CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER	24,000.00
DEPUTY TREASURER	1,000.00
TAX ASSESSOR	12,550.00
ASSISTANT TAX COLLECTOR	21,735.00
DEPUTY TAX COLLECTOR	1,000.00
MUNICIPAL COURT ADMINISTRATOR	44,821.00
ZONING OFFICER	64,336.00
PLANNING/ZONING BOARD SECRETARY	2381.00
ARCHIVIST	2450.00
RECREATION DIRECTOR	10,945.00
RECYCLING COORDINATOR	4,557.00
PUBLIC WORKS SUPERINTENDENT	90,198.00
PUBLIC WORKS FOREMAN	61,927.00
WATER TECHNICIAN I	14,400.00
POLICE CHIEF	116,200.00
CAPTAIN	109,975.00
SERGEANT	98,062.00
PATROL OFFICER 4 th yr +	89,666.00
PROBATIONARY PATROLMAN	34,558.00
SPECIAL POLICE – CLASS I per hour	10.00-20.00
SPECIAL POLICE – CLASS II per hour	12.00–15.00
DISPATCHER –Fifth Year of Service and After -	43,108.00
DISPATCHER –Fourth Year of Service	36,137.00
DISPATCHER –Third Year of Service	31,368.00
DISPATCHER - Second year of Service	27,350.00

DISPATCHER – First year of Service	25,254.00
POLICE RECORDS OFFICER	1677.00
ASSISTANT RECORDS OFFICER	805.00
FIRE PREVENTION OFFICER	1,073.00
WELFARE DIRECTOR	2700.00
MUNICIPAL COURT JUDGE	16,697.00

SECTION 2. The per session, season and hourly wages of Borough Employees shall be:

MUNICIPAL COURT JUDGE (per DUI court session)	350.00
BOROUGH PROSECUTOR	10,500.00 Annually
PUBLIC DEFENDER (per session)	250.00
BOROUGH ATTORNEY (an annual retainer)	20,648.00
DETECTIVE per annum	\$500.00

The following on an hourly basis:

RECREATION CAMP DIRECTOR	7.75 - 25.00
DEPUTY MUNICIPAL COURT CLERK	16.00
SECURITY GUARD	10.00 - 25.00
FIRE PREVENTION OFFICER	25.00 - 35.00
POLICE MATRON	8.50 - 25.00
POLICE THIRD PARTY DETAILS	45.00 - 60.00
SPECIAL POLICE CROSSING GUARD	10.00 - 25.00
SPECIAL POLICE ROAD DETAIL	35.00 - 60.00
SCHOOL CROSSING GUARD	7.50 - 25.00
CROSSING GUARD SPECIAL EVENTS	8.00 - 35.00
CODE ENFORCEMENT OFFICER	15.00 - 30.00
DRUNK DRIVING ENFORCEMENT OFFICER	35.00 - 65.00
LIBRARIAN	18.53
DOG/CAT CENSUS TAKER	8.00 - 25.00
CLERK/TYPIST	7.50 - 20.00
OFFICE CLERK	7.50 - 20.00
CLEAN COMMUNITIES LABORER	7.50 - 25.00
PUBLIC WORKS OTHER THAN MECHANIC	7.50 -30.00
PART-TIME PUBLIC WORKS	7.50 -25.00
PART-TIME TEMPORARY SEASONAL LABORER	7.15 -25.00
GENERAL MAINTENANCE LABORER	7.15 - 30.00
OTHER HOURLY EMPLOYEES	7.15 -30.00

SECTION 3. The salaries and hourly wages as specified in Section 1, and Section 2 hereof shall be effective as of January 1, 2007 and shall continue in effect until amendment of this resolution.

The foregoing Resolution was approved by the following Roll Call Vote:

AYES: Niemeyer, Morris, Clemmensen, Fetzer

NAYS: None

ABSTAIN: None

ABSENT: Farrell, Bogan, Mayor Ahern

Council President Clemmensen offered and moved the following Resolution, Seconded, Councilman Fetzer.

RESOLUTION R-39-2007

A RESOLUTION REGULATING THE SALARIES OF THE EMPLOYEES OF THE BOROUGH OF SEA GIRT, COUNTY OF MONMOUTH, STATE OF NEW JERSEY AS FOLLOWS:

BE IT ORDAINED, BY THE MAYOR AND BOROUGH COUNCIL OF THE BOROUGH OF SEA GIRT IN THE COUNTY OF MONMOUTH, STATE OF NEW JERSEY AS FOLLOWS:

SECTION 1. The annual salaries of the Borough Employees shall be respectfully set as follows:

POLICE CHIEF	Effective July 1, 2006	112,000.00
CAPTAIN OF POLICE	Effective July 1, 2006	106,000.00

The foregoing Resolution was approved by the following Roll Call Vote:

AYES: Niemeyer, Morris, Clemmensen, Fetzer

NAYS: None

ABSTAIN: None

ABSENT: Bogan, Farrell

NEW BUSINESS

Ordinance 2007-02 Adopting Stormwater Management Plan

Introduction

Councilman Niemeyer offered and moved the following Ordinance for Introduction, Seconded, Councilman Fetzer.

**BOROUGH OF SEA GIRT
ORDINANCE NO. 2007-02**

AN ORDINANCE AMENDING ZONING ORDINANCE - ADDING CHAPTER XVII, SECTION 17-11 ENTITLED "STORMWATER MANAGEMENT" OF THE LAND USE VOLUME OF THE BOROUGH OF SEA GIRT, COUNTY OF MONMOUTH AND STATE OF NEW JERSEY.

BE IT ORDAINED by the Mayor and Council of the Borough of Sea Girt, County of Monmouth and State of New Jersey, as follows:

Zoning Ordinance, Chapter XVII, Section 17-11, entitled “Stormwater Management”, is added as follows (all text is new) :

17-11.1: Purpose

A. Policy Statement

Flood control, groundwater recharge, and pollutant reduction through nonstructural or low impact techniques shall be explored before relying on structural BMPs. Structural BMPs should be integrated with nonstructural stormwater management measures and proper maintenance plans. Nonstructural measures include both environmentally sensitive site design and source controls that prevent pollutants from being placed on the site. Source control plans should be developed based upon physical site conditions and the origin, nature, and the anticipated loading of potential pollutants. Multiple stormwater management BMPs may be necessary to achieve the established performance standards for water quality, quantity, and groundwater recharge.

B. Purpose

It is the purpose of this ordinance to establish minimum stormwater management requirements and controls for major development.

C. Applicability

This ordinance shall be applicable to any site plan or subdivision application that requires preliminary or final review after the effective date of the adoption of this ordinance.

Major development that has received one of the following approvals pursuant to the Municipal Land Use Law: preliminary or final site plan approval; final municipal building or construction permit; minor subdivision, preliminary or final subdivision approval, prior to the effective date of the adoption of this ordinance, is exempt from the rules of this ordinance.

If any of the above approvals is amended, revised or expires, exemption shall be deemed void, and the project in its entirety shall comply with the rules of this ordinance.

D. Compatibility with Other Permit and Ordinance Requirements

Development approvals issued pursuant to this ordinance are to be considered an integral part of development approvals under the subdivision and site plan review process and do not relieve the applicant of the responsibility to secure required permits or approvals for activities regulated by any other applicable code, rule, act, or ordinance. In their interpretation and application, the provisions of this ordinance shall be held to be the minimum requirements for the promotion of the public health, safety, and general welfare.

This ordinance is not intended to interfere with, abrogate, or annul any other ordinances, rule or regulation, statute, or other provision of law except that, where any provision of this ordinance imposes restrictions different from those imposed by any other ordinance, rule or regulation, or other provision of law, the more restrictive provisions or higher standards shall control.

E. Definitions for this Section are found in 17-11.12 “Definitions.”

F. This Borough of Sea Girt ordinance was based on the “Model Stormwater Control Ordinance for Municipalities” proposed by the NJ DEP in “NJDEP-NJ Stormwater Best Management Practices Manual-Feb 2004-Appendix D” at [http:// www. state. nj. us/ dep/ watershedmg/ bmpmanualfeb2004. htm](http://www.state.nj.us/dep/watershedmg/bmpmanualfeb2004.htm).

17-11.2. General Standards

A. Design and Performance Standards for Stormwater Management Measures

1. Stormwater management measures for major development shall be developed to meet the erosion control, groundwater recharge, stormwater runoff quantity, and stormwater runoff quality standards in this section. To the maximum extent feasible, these standards shall be met by incorporating nonstructural stormwater management strategies into the design. If these strategies alone are not sufficient to meet these standards, structural stormwater management measures necessary to meet these standards shall be incorporated into the design.

2. The standards in this ordinance apply only to new major development and are intended to minimize the impact of stormwater runoff on water quality and water quantity in receiving water bodies and maintain groundwater recharge. The standards do not apply to new major development to the extent that alternative design and performance standards are applicable under a regional stormwater management plan or Water Quality Management Plan adopted in accordance with Department rules. Such alternative standards shall provide at least as much protection from stormwater-related loss of groundwater recharge, stormwater quantity and water quality impacts of major development projects as would be provided under the standards in this subchapter.

3. For site improvements regulated under the Residential Site Improvement Standards (RSIS) at N.J.A.C.5: 21, the RSIS shall apply in addition to this section except to the extent the RSIS are superseded by this section or alternative standards applicable under a regional stormwater management plan or Water Quality Management Plan adopted in accordance with Department rules.

17-11.3: Stormwater Management Requirements for Major Development

A. The development shall incorporate a maintenance plan for the stormwater management measures incorporated into the design of a major development.

B. Stormwater management measures shall avoid adverse impacts of concentrated flow on habitat for threatened and endangered species as documented in the Department's Landscape Project or Natural Heritage Database established under N.J.S.A. 13: 1B-15.147 through 15.150, particularly *Helonias bullata* (swamp pink) and/ or *Clemmys muhlnebergi* (bog turtle).

C. The following linear development projects are exempt from the groundwater recharge, stormwater runoff quantity, and stormwater runoff quality requirements at Sections 17-11.3.F and 17-11.3.G:

1. The construction of an underground utility line provided that the disturbed areas are revegetated upon completion;
2. The construction of an above ground utility line provided that the existing conditions are maintained to the maximum extent practicable; and
3. The construction of a public pedestrian access, such as a sidewalk or trail with a maximum width of 14 feet, provided that the access is made of permeable material.

D. A waiver from strict compliance from the groundwater recharge, stormwater runoff quantity, and stormwater runoff quality requirements at Sections 17-11.3.F and 17-11.3.G may be obtained for the enlargement of an existing public roadway or railroad; or the construction or enlargement of a public pedestrian access, provided that the following conditions are met:

1. The applicant demonstrates that there is a public need for the project that cannot be accomplished by any other means;
2. The applicant demonstrates through an alternatives analysis, that through the use of nonstructural and structural stormwater management strategies and measures, the option selected complies with the requirements of Sections 17-11.3.F and 17-11.3.G to the maximum extent practicable;
3. The applicant demonstrates that, in order to meet the requirements at Sections 17-11.3.F and 17-11.3.G, existing structures currently in use, such as homes and buildings would need to be condemned; and
4. The applicant demonstrates that it does not own or have other rights to areas, including the potential to obtain through purchase or condemnation lands not falling under 17-11.D.3 above within the upstream drainage area of the receiving stream, that would provide additional opportunities to mitigate for requirements of Sections 17-11.3.F and 17-11.3.G that were not achievable on-site.

E. Nonstructural Stormwater Management Strategies

1. To the maximum extent practicable, the standards in 17-11.3.F and 17-11.3.G shall be met by incorporating nonstructural stormwater management strategies at 17-11.3.E into the design. The applicant shall identify the nonstructural measures incorporated into the design of the project. If the applicant contends that it is not feasible for engineering, environmental, or safety reasons to incorporate any nonstructural stormwater management measures identified in 17-11.3.E.2 below into the design of a particular

project, the applicant shall identify the strategy considered and provide a basis for the contention.

2. Nonstructural stormwater management measures incorporated into site design shall:

a. Protect areas that provide water quality benefits or areas particularly susceptible to erosion and sediment loss;

b. Minimize impervious surfaces and break up or disconnect the flow of runoff over impervious surfaces and lawns in excess of one (1) acre;

c. Maximize the protection of natural drainage features and vegetation;

d. Minimize the decrease in the "time of concentration" from pre-construction to post construction. "Time of concentration" is defined as the time it takes for runoff to travel from the hydraulically most distant point of the watershed to the point of interest within a watershed;

e. Minimize land disturbance including clearing and grading;

f. Minimize soil compaction;

g. Provide low-maintenance landscaping that encourages retention and planting of native vegetation and minimizes the use of lawns, fertilizers and pesticides.

h. Provide vegetated open-channel conveyance systems discharging into and through stable vegetated areas;

i. Provide other source controls to prevent or minimize the use or exposure of pollutants at the site in order to prevent or minimize the release of those pollutants into stormwater runoff. These source controls include, but are not limited to:

(1) Site design features that help to prevent accumulation of trash and debris in drainage systems;

(2) Site design features that help to prevent discharge of trash and debris from drainage systems;

(3) Site design features that help to prevent and/or contain spills or other harmful accumulations of pollutants at industrial or commercial developments; and

(4) When establishing vegetation after land disturbance, applying fertilizer in accordance with the requirements established under the Soil Erosion and Sediment Control Act, N.J.S.A. 4: 24-39 et seq., and implementing rules.

3. Site design features identified under Section 17-11.3.E.2.i.(2) above shall comply with the following standard to control passage of solid and floatable materials through storm drain inlets. For purposes of this paragraph, “solid and floatable materials” means sediment, debris, trash, and other floating, suspended or settleable solids. For exemptions to this standard see Section 17-11.4.E.3.c below.

a. Design engineers shall use either of the following grates whenever they use a grate in pavement or another ground surface to collect stormwater from that surface into a storm drain or surface water body under that grate:

(1) The New Jersey Department of Transportation (NJDOT) bicycle safe grate, which is described in Chapter 2.4 of the NJDOT Bicycle Compatible Roadways and Bikeways Planning and Design Guidelines (April 1996); or

(2) A different grate, if each individual clear space in that grate has an area of no more than seven (7.0) square inches, or is no greater than 0.5 inches across the smallest dimension.

Examples of grates subject to this standard include grates in grate inlets, the grate portion (non-curb-opening portion) of combination inlets, grates on storm sewer manholes, ditch grates, trench grates, and grates of spacer bars in slotted drains. Examples of ground surfaces include surfaces of roads (including bridges), driveways, parking areas, bikeways, plazas, sidewalks, lawns, fields, open channels, and stormwater basin floors.

b. Whenever design engineers use a curb-opening inlet, the clear space in that curb opening (or each individual clear space, if the curb opening has two or more clear spaces) shall have an area of no more than seven (7.0) square inches, or be no greater than two (2.0) inches across the smallest dimension.

c. This standard does not apply:

(1) Where the review agency determines that this standard would cause inadequate hydraulic performance that could not practicably be overcome by using additional or larger storm drain inlets that meet these standards;

(2) Where flows from the water quality design storm as specified in Section 139-10.4.G.1 are conveyed through any device (e.g., end of

pipe netting facility, manufactured treatment device, or a catch basin hood) that is designed, at a minimum, to prevent delivery of all solid and floatable materials that could not pass through one of the following:

(a) A rectangular space four and five-eighths inches long and one and one-half inches wide (this option does not apply for outfall netting facilities); or

(b) A bar screen having a bar spacing of 0.5 inches.

(3) Where flows are conveyed through a trash rack that has parallel bars with one-inch (1") spacing between the bars, to the elevation of the water quality design storm as specified in Section 4.G.1; or

(4) Where the New Jersey Department of Environmental Protection determines, pursuant to the New Jersey Register of Historic Places Rules at N.J.A.C. 7:4-7.2(c), that action to meet this standard is an undertaking that constitutes an encroachment or will damage or destroy the New Jersey Register listed historic property.

4. Any land area used as a nonstructural stormwater management measure to meet the performance standards in Sections 17-11.3.F and 17-11.3.G shall be dedicated to a government agency, subjected to a conservation restriction filed with the Monmouth County Clerk's office, or subject to an approved equivalent restriction that ensures that measure or an equivalent stormwater management measure approved by the reviewing agency is maintained in perpetuity.

5. Guidance for nonstructural stormwater management measures is available in the New Jersey Stormwater Best Management Practices Manual. The manual is available on the Department of Environmental Protection's stormwater web page at [http:// www.njstormwater.org](http://www.njstormwater.org).

F. Erosion Control, Groundwater Recharge and Runoff Quantity Standards

1. This section contains minimum design and performance standards to control erosion, encourage and control infiltration and groundwater recharge, and control stormwater runoff quantity impacts of major development.

a. The minimum design and performance standards for erosion control are those established under the Soil Erosion and Sediment Control Act, N.J.S.A. 4: 24-39 et seq. and implementing rules.

b. The minimum design and performance standards for groundwater recharge are as follows:

(1) The design engineer shall, using the assumptions and factors for stormwater runoff and groundwater recharge calculations at Section 17-11.4, either:

(a) Demonstrate through hydrologic and hydraulic analysis that the site and its stormwater management measures maintain 100% of the average annual pre-construction groundwater recharge volume for the site; or

(b) Demonstrate through hydrologic and hydraulic analysis that the increase of stormwater runoff volume from pre-construction to post-construction for the 2-year storm is infiltrated.

(2) This groundwater recharge requirement applies to all project areas within the Borough of Sea Girt, as defined by this ordinance.

(3) The following types of stormwater shall not be recharged:

(a) Stormwater from areas of high pollutant loading. High pollutant loading areas are areas in industrial and commercial developments where solvents and/ or petroleum products are loaded/ unloaded, stored, or applied, areas where pesticides are loaded/ unloaded or stored; areas where hazardous materials are expected to be present in greater than 'reportable quantities' as defined by the United States Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) at 40 CFR 302.4; areas where recharge would be inconsistent with Department approved remedial action work plan or landfill closure plan and areas with high risks for spills of toxic materials, such as gas stations and vehicle maintenance facilities; and

(b) Industrial stormwater exposed to "source material". "Source material" means any material(s) or machinery, located at an industrial facility, that is directly or indirectly related to process, manufacturing or other industrial activities, which could be a source of pollutants in any industrial stormwater discharge to groundwater. Source materials include, but are not limited to, raw materials; intermediate products; final products; waste materials; by-products; industrial machinery and fuels, and lubricants, solvents, and detergents that are related to process, manufacturing, or other industrial activities that are exposed to stormwater.

(4) The design engineer shall assess the hydraulic impact on the groundwater table and design the site so as to avoid adverse hydraulic impacts. Potential adverse hydraulic impacts include, but are not limited to, exacerbating a naturally or seasonally high water table so as

to cause surficial ponding, flooding of basements, or interference with the proper operation of subsurface sewage disposal systems and other subsurface structures in the vicinity or downgradient of the groundwater recharge area.

c. In order to control stormwater runoff quantity impacts, the design engineer shall, using the assumptions and factors for stormwater runoff calculations at Section 17-11.4, complete one of the following:

(1) Demonstrate through hydrologic and hydraulic analysis that for stormwater leaving the site, post-construction runoff hydrographs for the 2, 10, and 100 year storm events do not exceed, at any point in time, the pre-construction runoff hydrographs for the same storm events;

(2) Demonstrate through hydrologic and hydraulic analysis that there is no increase, as compared to the pre-construction condition, in the peak runoff rates of stormwater leaving the site for the 2, 10, and 100 year storm events and that the increased volume or change in timing of stormwater runoff will not increase flood damage at or downstream of the site. This analysis shall include the analysis of impacts of existing land uses and projected land uses assuming full development under existing zoning and land use ordinances in the drainage area;

(3) Design stormwater management measures so that the post-construction peak runoff rates for the 2, 10 and 100 year storm events are 50, 75 and 80 percent, respectively, of the pre-construction peak runoff rates. The percentages apply only to the post-construction stormwater runoff that is attributable to the portion of the site on which the proposed development or project is to be constructed. The percentages shall not be applied to post-construction stormwater runoff into tidal flood hazard areas if the increased volume of stormwater runoff will not increase flood damages below the point of discharge; or

(4) In tidal flood hazard areas, stormwater runoff quantity analysis in accordance with 1, 2 and 3 above shall only be applied if the increased volume of stormwater runoff could increase flood damages below the point of discharge.

2. Any application for a new agricultural development that meets the definition of major development at Section 12 shall be submitted to the appropriate Soil Conservation District for review and approval in accordance with the requirements of this section and any applicable Soil Conservation District guidelines for stormwater runoff quantity and erosion control. For the purposes of this section, "agricultural development" means land uses normally associated with the production of food, fiber and livestock for sale. Such uses do not include the development of land for the processing or sale of food and the manufacturing of agriculturally related products.

G. Stormwater Runoff Quality Standards

1. Stormwater management measures shall be designed to reduce the post-construction load of total suspended solids (TSS) in stormwater runoff by 80 percent of the anticipated load from the developed site, expressed as an annual average. Stormwater management measures shall only be required for water quality control if an additional (one-quarter) 1/4 acre of impervious surface is being proposed on a development site. The requirement to reduce TSS does not apply to any stormwater runoff in a discharge regulated under a numeric effluent limitation for TSS imposed under the New Jersey Pollution Discharge Elimination System (NJPDES) rules, N.J.A.C.7: 14A, or in a discharge specifically exempt under a NJPDES permit from this requirement. The water quality design storm is 1.25 inches of rainfall in two hours. Water quality calculations shall take into account the distribution of rain from the water quality design storm, as reflected in Table 1. The calculation of the volume of runoff may take into account the implementation of non-structural and structural stormwater management measures.

Table 1: Water Quality Design Storm Distribution

Time (Minutes)	Cumulative Rainfall (Inches)	Time (Minutes)	Cumulative Rainfall (Inches)
0	0.0000	65	0.8917
5	0.0083	70	0.9917
10	0.0166	75	1.0500
15	0.0250	80	1.0840
20	0.0500	85	1.1170
25	0.0750	90	1.1500
30	0.1000	95	1.1750
35	0.1330	100	1.2000
40	0.1660	105	1.2250
45	0.2000	110	1.2334
50	0.2583	115	1.2417
55	0.3583	120	1.2500
60	0.6250		

2. For purposes of TSS reduction calculations, Table 2 below presents the presumed removal rates for certain BMPs designed in accordance with the New Jersey Stormwater Best Management Practices Manual. The BMP Manual may be obtained from the address identified in Section 17-11.6, or found on the Department's website at www.njstormwater.org. The BMP Manual and other sources of technical guidance are listed in Section 17-11.6. TSS reduction shall be calculated based on the removal rates for the BMPs in Table 2 below. Alternative removal rates and methods of calculating removal rates may be used if the design engineer provides documentation demonstrating the capability of these alternative rates and methods to the review agency. A copy of any approved alternative rate or method of calculating the removal rate shall be provided to the Department at the following address: Division of Watershed Management, New Jersey Department of Environmental Protection, PO Box 418 Trenton, New Jersey, 08625-0418.

3. If more than one BMP in series is necessary to achieve the required 80% TSS reduction for a site, the applicant shall utilize the following formula to calculate TSS reduction:

$$R = A + B - (A \times B) / 100$$

Where

R = total TSS percent load removal from application of both BMPs, and

A = the TSS percent removal rate applicable to the first BMP

B = the TSS percent removal rate applicable to the second BMP

Table 2: TSS Removal Rates for BMPs

Best Management Practice	TSS % Removal Rate
Bioretention Systems	90
Constructed Stormwater Wetland	90
Extended Detention Basin	40-60
Infiltration Structure	80
Manufactured Treatment Device	See Section 17-11.5.C
Sand Filter	80
Vegetative Filter Strip	60-80
Wet Pond	50-90

4. If there is more than one onsite drainage area, the 80% TSS removal rate shall apply to each drainage area, unless the runoff from the subareas converge on site in which case the removal rate can be demonstrated through a calculation using a weighted average.

5. Stormwater management measures shall also be designed to reduce, to the maximum extent feasible, the post-construction nutrient load of the anticipated load from the developed site in stormwater runoff generated from the water quality design storm. In achieving reduction of nutrients to the maximum extent feasible, the design of the site shall include nonstructural strategies and structural measures that optimize nutrient removal while still achieving the performance standards in Sections 17-11.3.F and 17-11.3.G.

6. Additional information and examples are contained in the New Jersey Stormwater Best Management Practices Manual, which may be obtained from the address identified in Section 17-11.6.

7. In accordance with the definition of FWI at N.J.A.C.7: 9B-1.4, stormwater management measures shall be designed to prevent any increase in stormwater runoff to waters classified as FWI.

8. Special water resource protection areas shall be established along all waters designated Category One at N.J.A.C.7: 9B and perennial or intermittent streams that drain into or upstream of the Category One waters as shown on the USGS Quadrangle Maps or in the County Soil Surveys, within the associated HUC14 drainage. These areas shall be established for the protection of water quality, aesthetic value, exceptional ecological significance, exceptional recreational significance, exceptional water supply significance, and exceptional fisheries significance of those established Category One waters. These areas shall be designated and protected as follows:

a. The applicant shall preserve and maintain a special water resource protection area in accordance with one of the following:

(1) A 300-foot special water resource protection area shall be provided on each side of the waterway, measured perpendicular to the waterway from the top of the bank outwards or from the centerline of the waterway where the bank is not defined, consisting of existing vegetation or vegetation allowed to follow natural succession is provided.

(2) Encroachment within the designated special water resource protection area under Subsection (1) above shall only be allowed where previous development or disturbance has occurred (for example, active agricultural use, parking area or maintained lawn area). The encroachment shall only be allowed where applicant demonstrates that the functional value and overall condition of the special water resource protection area will be maintained to the maximum extent practicable. In no case shall the remaining special water resource protection area be reduced to less than 150 feet as measured in accordance with one of the following:

(a). perpendicular to the top of bank of the waterway, or

(b). from the 100 year flood line where the bank is undefined,
or

(c). from the centerline of the waterway where the bank flood lines are undefined.

(3) All encroachments proposed under subparagraph (2) above shall be subject to review and approval by the Department.

b. All stormwater shall be discharged outside of and flow through the special water resource protection area and shall comply with the Standard For Off-Site Stability in the "Standards for Soil Erosion and Sediment Control in New Jersey", established under the Soil Erosion and Sediment Control Act, N.J.S.A. 4: 24-39 et seq.

c. If stormwater discharged outside of and flowing through the special water resource protection area cannot comply with the Standard For Off-Site Stability in the "Standards for Soil Erosion and Sediment Control in New Jersey", established under the Soil Erosion and Sediment Control Act, N.J.S.A. 4: 24-39 et seq., then the stabilization measures in accordance with the requirements of the above standards may be placed within the special water resource protection area, provided that:

(1) Stabilization measures shall not be placed within 150 feet of the Category One waterway;

(2) Stormwater associated with discharges allowed by this section shall achieve a 95% TSS post-construction removal rate;

(3) Temperature shall be addressed to ensure no impact on receiving waterway;

(4) The encroachment shall only be allowed where the applicant demonstrates that the functional value and overall condition of the special water resource protection area will be maintained to the maximum extent practicable;

(5) A conceptual project design meeting shall be held with the appropriate Department staff and Soil Conservation District staff to identify necessary stabilization measures; and

(6) All encroachments proposed under this section shall be subject to review and approval by the Department.

d. A stream corridor protection plan may be developed by a regional stormwater management planning committee as an element of a regional stormwater management plan, or by a municipality through an adopted municipal stormwater management plan. If a stream corridor protection plan for a waterway subject to Section 17-11.2.G(8) has been approved by the Department of Environmental Protection, then the provisions of the plan shall be the applicable special water resource protection area requirements for that waterway. A stream corridor protection plan for a waterway subject to 17-11.G.8 shall maintain or enhance the current functional value and overall condition of the special water resource protection area as defined in 17-11.G.8.a.(1) above. In no case shall a stream corridor protection plan allow the reduction of the Special Water Resource Protection Area to less than 150 feet as measured perpendicular to the waterway subject to this subsection.

e. This subsection does not apply to the construction of one individual single family dwelling that is not part of a larger development on a lot receiving preliminary or final subdivision approval on or before February 2, 2004, provided that the construction begins on or before February 2, 2009.

17-11.4: Calculation of Stormwater Runoff and Groundwater Recharge

A. Stormwater runoff shall be calculated in accordance with the following:

1. The design engineer shall calculate runoff using one of the following methods:
 - a. The USDA Natural Resources Conservation Service (NRCS) methodology, including the NRCS Runoff Equation and Dimensionless Unit Hydrograph, as described in the NRCS National Engineering Handbook Section 4—Hydrology, and Technical Release 55—Urban Hydrology for Small Watersheds; or
 - b. The Rational Method for peak flow and the Modified Rational Method for hydrograph computations.
2. For the purpose of calculating runoff coefficients and groundwater recharge, there is a presumption that the pre-construction condition of a site or portion thereof is a wooded land use with good hydrologic condition. The term "runoff coefficient" applies to both the NRCS methodology at Section 17-11.4.A.1.a and the Rational and Modified Rational Methods at Section 17-11.4.A.1.b. A runoff coefficient or a groundwater recharge land cover for an existing condition may be used on all or a portion of the site if the design engineer verifies that the hydrologic condition has existed on the site or portion of the site for at least five years without interruption prior to the time of application. If more than one land cover have existed on the site during the five years immediately prior to the time of application, the land cover with the lowest runoff potential shall be used for the computations. In addition, there is the presumption that the site is in good hydrologic condition (if the land use type is pasture, lawn, or park), with good cover (if the land use type is woods), or with good hydrologic condition and conservation treatment (if the land use type is cultivation).
3. In computing pre-construction stormwater runoff, the design engineer shall account for all significant land features and structures, such as ponds, wetlands, depressions, hedgerows, or culverts, that may reduce pre-construction stormwater runoff rates and volumes.
4. In computing stormwater runoff from all design storms, the design engineer shall consider the relative stormwater runoff rates and/or volumes of pervious and impervious surfaces separately to accurately compute the rates and volume of stormwater runoff from the site. To calculate runoff from unconnected impervious cover, urban impervious area modifications as described in the NRCS Technical Release—55, Urban Hydrology for Small Watersheds, and other methods may be employed.
5. If the invert of the outlet structure of a stormwater management measure is below the flood hazard design flood elevation as defined at N.J.A.C.7: 13, the design engineer shall take into account the effects of tailwater in the design of structural stormwater management measures.

B. Groundwater recharge may be calculated in accordance with the following:

1. The New Jersey Geological Survey Geological Survey Report GSR-32 A Method for Evaluating Ground-Water Recharge Areas in New Jersey, incorporated herein by reference as amended and supplemented. Information regarding the methodology is available from the New Jersey Stormwater Best Management Practices Manual; at <http://www.state.nj.us/dep/njgs/>; or at New Jersey Geological Survey, 29 Arctic Parkway, P. O. Box 427 Trenton, New Jersey 08625-0427; (609) 984-6587.

17-11.5: Standards for Structural Stormwater Management Measures

A. Standards for structural stormwater management measures are as follows:

1. Structural stormwater management measures shall be designed to take into account the existing site conditions, including, for example, environmentally critical areas, wetlands; flood-prone areas; slopes; depth to seasonal high water table; soil type, permeability and texture; drainage area and drainage patterns; and the presence of solution-prone carbonate rocks (limestone).
2. Structural stormwater management measures shall be designed to minimize maintenance, facilitate maintenance and repairs, and ensure proper functioning. Trash racks shall be installed at the intake to the outlet structure as appropriate, and shall have parallel bars with one-inch (1") spacing between the bars to the elevation of the water quality design storm. For elevations higher than the water quality design storm, the parallel bars at the outlet structure shall be spaced no greater than one-third (1/3) the width of the diameter of the orifice or one-third (1/3) the width of the weir, with a minimum spacing between bars of one-inch (1") and a maximum spacing between bars of six inches (6"). In addition, the design of trash racks must comply with the requirements of Section 17-11.7.D.
3. Structural stormwater management measures shall be designed, constructed, and installed to be strong, durable, and corrosion resistant. Measures that are consistent with the relevant portions of the Residential Site Improvement Standards at N.J.A.C.5: 21-7.3, 7.4, and 7.5 shall be deemed to meet this requirement.
4. At the intake to the outlet from the stormwater management basin, the orifice size shall be a minimum of two and one-half inches (2 1/2") in diameter.
5. Stormwater management basins shall be designed to meet the minimum safety standards for stormwater management basins at Section 17-11.7.

B. Stormwater management measure guidelines are available in the New Jersey Stormwater Best Management Practices Manual. Other stormwater management measures may be utilized provided the design engineer demonstrates that the proposed measure and its design will accomplish the

required water quantity, groundwater recharge and water quality design and performance standards established by this subchapter.

C. Manufactured treatment devices may be used to meet the requirements of 17-11.1 et.seq. provided the pollutant removal rates are verified by the New Jersey Corporation for Advanced Technology and certified by the Department.

17-11.6: Sources for Technical Guidance

A. Technical guidance for stormwater management measures can be found in the documents listed at 1 and 2 below, which are available from Maps and Publications, Department of Environmental Protection, 428 East State Street, P. O. Box 420, Trenton, New Jersey, 08625; telephone (609) 777-1038.

1. Guidelines for stormwater management measures are contained in the New Jersey Stormwater Best Management Practices Manual, as amended. Information is provided on stormwater management measures such as: bioretention systems, constructed stormwater wetlands, dry wells, extended detention basins, infiltration structures, manufactured treatment devices, pervious paving, sand filters, vegetative filter strips, and wet ponds.

2. The New Jersey Department of Environmental Protection Stormwater Management Facilities Maintenance Manual, as amended.

B. Additional technical guidance for stormwater management measures can be obtained from the following:

1. The "Standards for Soil Erosion and Sediment Control in New Jersey" promulgated by the State Soil Conservation Committee and incorporated into N.J.A.C.2: 90. Copies of these standards may be obtained by contacting the State Soil Conservation Committee or any of the Soil Conservation Districts listed in N.J.A.C.2: 90-1.3(a) 4. The location, address, and telephone number of each Soil Conservation District may be obtained from the State Soil Conservation Committee, P. O. Box 330, Trenton, New Jersey 08625; (609) 292-5540;

2. The Rutgers Cooperative Extension Service, 732-932-9306; and

3. The Freehold Soil Conservation District located at 4000 Kozloski Road, P.O. Box 5033, Freehold, New Jersey 07728; (732) 683-8500.

17-11-7: Safety Standards for Stormwater Management Basins

A. This section sets forth requirements to protect public safety through the proper design and operation of stormwater management basins. This **subchapter** applies to any new stormwater management basin.

B. The provisions of this section are not intended to preempt more stringent municipal or county safety requirements for new or existing stormwater management basins.

C. Requirements for Trash Racks, Overflow Grates and Escape Provisions

1. A trash rack is a device designed to catch trash and debris and prevent the clogging of outlet structures. Trash racks shall be installed at the intake to the outlet from the stormwater management basin to ensure proper functioning of the basin outlets in accordance with the following:

a. The trash rack shall have parallel bars, with no greater than six inch (6") spacing between the bars.

b. The trash rack shall be designed so as not to adversely affect the hydraulic performance of the outlet pipe or structure.

c. The average velocity of flow through a clean trash rack is not to exceed two and one-half (2.5) feet per second under the full range of stage and discharge. Velocity is to be computed on the basis of the net area of opening through the rack.

d. The trash rack shall be constructed and installed to be rigid, durable, and corrosion resistant, and shall be designed to withstand a perpendicular live loading of 300 lbs/ ft sq.

e. The trash rack shall be secured to the outlet structure but removable for emergencies and maintenance.

2. An overflow grate is designed to prevent obstruction of the overflow structure. If an outlet structure has an overflow grate, such grate shall meet the following requirements:

a. The overflow grate shall be secured to the outlet structure but removable for emergencies and maintenance.

b. The overflow grate spacing shall be no less than two inches (2") across the smallest dimension.

c. The overflow grate shall be constructed and installed to be rigid, durable, and corrosion resistant, and shall be designed to withstand a perpendicular live loading of 300 lbs/ ft sq.

3. For purposes of this subsection, escape provisions means the permanent installation of ladders, steps, rungs, or other features that provide easily accessible means of egress from stormwater management basins. Stormwater management basins shall include escape provisions as follows:

a. If a stormwater management basin has an outlet structure, escape provisions shall be incorporated in or on the structure. With the prior approval of the reviewing agency identified in Section 17-11.7.D a free-standing outlet structure may be exempted from this requirement.

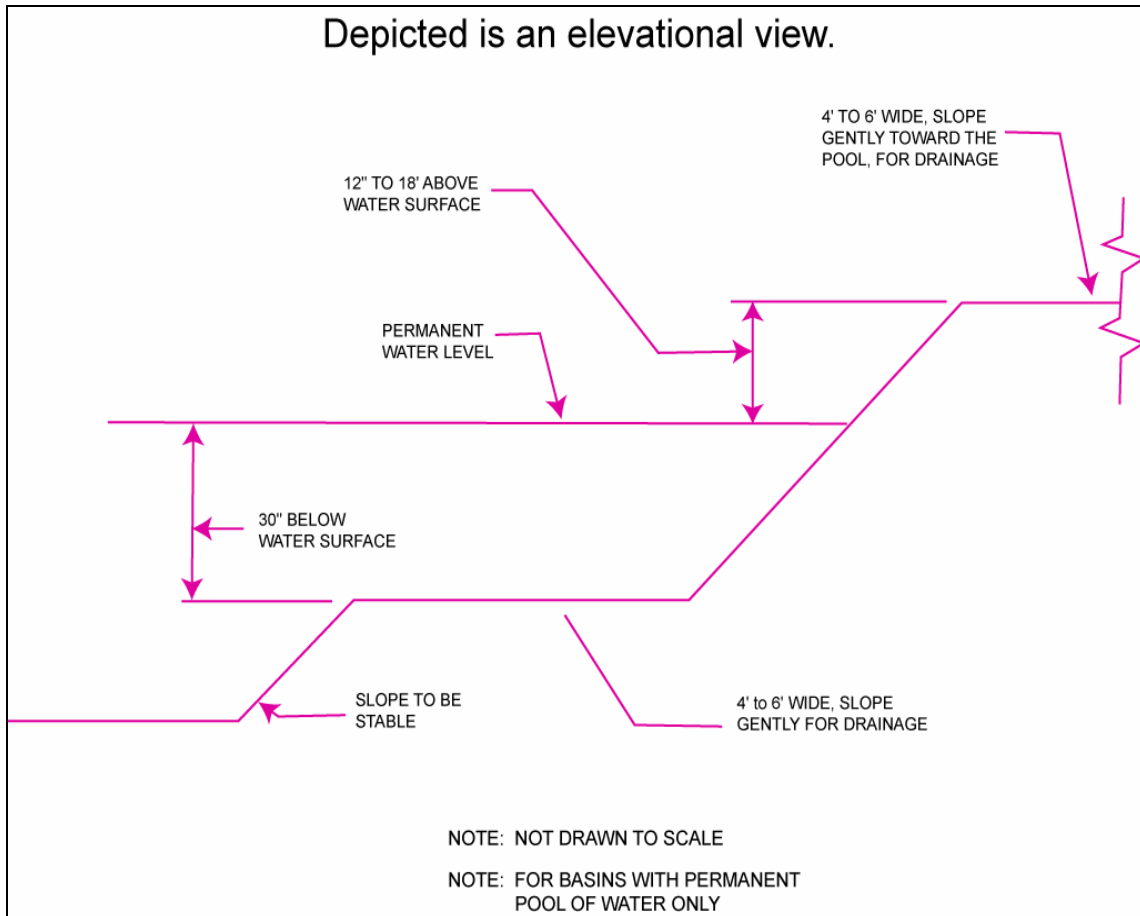
b. Safety ledges shall be constructed on the slopes of all new stormwater management basins having a permanent pool of water deeper than two and one-half feet. Such safety ledges shall be comprised of two steps. Each step shall be four to six feet in width. One step shall be located approximately two and one-half (2-1/2) feet below the permanent water surface, and the second step shall be located one to one and one-half feet above the permanent water surface. See Section 17-11.7.E for an illustration of safety ledges in a stormwater management basin.

c. In new stormwater management basins, the maximum interior slope for an earthen dam, embankment, or berm shall not be steeper than 3 horizontal to 1 vertical.

D. Variance or Exemption from Safety Standards

1. A variance or exemption from the safety standards for stormwater management basins may be granted only upon a written finding by the appropriate reviewing agency of the Borough of Sea Girt, that the variance or exemption will not constitute a threat to public safety.

Illustration of Safety Ledges in a New Stormwater Management Basin



17-11.8: Requirements for a Site Development Stormwater Plan

A. Submission of Site Development Stormwater Plan

1. Whenever an applicant seeks municipal approval of a development subject to this ordinance, the applicant shall submit all of the required components of the Checklist for the Site Development Stormwater Plan at 17-11.8.C below as part of the submission of the applicant's application for subdivision or site plan approval.

2. The applicant shall demonstrate that the project meets the standards set forth in this ordinance.

3. The applicant shall submit eight (8) copies of the materials listed in the checklist for site development stormwater plans in accordance with Section 17-11.8.C of this ordinance.

B. Site Development Stormwater Plan Approval

The applicant's Site Development project shall be reviewed as a part of the subdivision or site plan review process by the municipal engineer and the municipal board or official from which municipal approval is sought. That municipal board or official shall consult the engineer retained by the Planning and/or Zoning Board (as appropriate) to determine if all the checklist requirements have been satisfied and to determine if the project meets the standards set forth in this ordinance.

C. Checklist Requirements

The following information shall be required:

1. Topographic Base Map

The reviewing engineer may require upstream tributary drainage system information as necessary. It is recommended that the topographic base map of the site be submitted which extends a minimum of 200 feet beyond the limits of the proposed development, at a scale of 1"= 200' or greater, showing 2-foot contour intervals. The map as appropriate may indicate the following: existing surface water drainage, shorelines, steep slopes, soils, erodible soils, perennial or intermittent streams that drain into or upstream of the Category 1 waters, wetlands and flood plains along with their appropriate buffer strips, marshlands and other wetlands, pervious or vegetative surfaces, existing man-made structures, roads, bearing and distances of property lines, and significant natural and manmade features not otherwise shown.

Additionally, a Drainage System Map shall be submitted showing all areas which extend a minimum of 2000 feet beyond the limits of the proposed development, at a scale of 1"=200', showing all wetland areas, rivers, and streams, based on Geographic Information System (GIS) data from the New Jersey Department of Environmental Protection (NJ DEP), the New Jersey Geological Survey (NJGS), or both.

2. Environmental Site Analysis

A written and graphic description of the natural and man-made features of the site and its environs. This description should include a discussion of soil conditions, slopes, wetlands, waterways and vegetation on the site. Particular attention should be given to unique, unusual, or environmentally sensitive features and to those that provide particular opportunities or constraints for development.

3. Project Description and Site Plan(s)

A map (or maps) at the scale of the topographical base map indicating the location of existing and proposed buildings, roads, parking areas, utilities, structural facilities for stormwater management and sediment control, and other permanent structures. The map(s) shall also clearly show areas where alterations occur in the natural terrain and cover, including lawns and other landscaping, and seasonal high ground water elevations. The map(s) shall also show the location of streams and rivers, and each type of wetlands, based on Geographic Information System (GIS) data from the New Jersey Department of Environmental Protection (NJ DEP), the New Jersey Geologic Survey (NJGS), or both.

A written description of the site plan and justification of proposed changes in natural conditions shall also be provided.

4. Land Use Planning and Source Control Plan

This plan shall provide a demonstration of how the goals and standards of Sections 17-11.2 through 17-11.5 are being met. The focus of this plan shall be to describe how the site is being developed to meet the objective of controlling groundwater recharge, stormwater quality and stormwater quantity problems at the source by land management and source controls whenever possible.

5. Stormwater Management Facilities Map

The following information, illustrated on a map of the same scale as the topographic base map, shall be included:

- a. Total area to be paved or built upon, proposed surface contours, land area to be occupied by the stormwater management facilities and the type of vegetation thereon, and details of the proposed plan to control and dispose of stormwater.
- b. Details of all stormwater management facility designs, during and after construction, including discharge provisions, discharge capacity for each outlet at different levels of detention and emergency spillway provisions with maximum discharge capacity of each spillway.

6. Calculations

- a. Comprehensive hydrologic and hydraulic design calculations for the pre-development and post-development conditions for the design storms specified in Section 17-11.3 of this ordinance.
- b. When the proposed stormwater management control measures (e. g. infiltration basins) depends on the hydrologic properties of soils, then a soils report shall be submitted. The soils report shall be based on onsite boring logs or soil pit profiles. The number and location of required soil borings or soil pits shall be determined based on what is needed to determine the suitability and distribution of soil types present at the location of the control measure.

7. Maintenance and Repair Plan

The design and planning of the stormwater management facility shall meet the maintenance requirements of Section 17-11.9.

8. Waiver from Submission Requirements

The municipal official or board reviewing an application under this ordinance may, in agreement -with the Township Engineer, waive submission of any of the requirements in

Sections 17-11.8.C.1 through 17-11.8.C.6 of this ordinance when it can be demonstrated that the information requested is impossible to obtain or it would create a hardship on the applicant to obtain and its absence will not materially affect the review process.

17-11.9: Maintenance and Repair

A. Applicability

1. Projects subject to review as in Section 17-11.1.C of this ordinance shall comply with the requirements of Section 17-11.9.B and 17-11.9.C.

B. General Maintenance

1. The design engineer shall prepare a maintenance plan for the stormwater management measures incorporated into the design of a major development. Guidelines for developing a maintenance and inspection program are provided in the New Jersey Stormwater Best Management Practices Manual and the NJDEP Ocean County Demonstration Study, Stormwater Management Facilities Maintenance Manual, dated June 1989 available from the NJDEP, Watershed Management Program.

2. The maintenance plan shall contain specific preventative maintenance tasks and schedules; cost estimates, including estimated cost of sediment, debris, and trash removal; and the name, address, and telephone number of the person or persons responsible for preventative and corrective maintenance (including replacement). Maintenance guidelines for stormwater management measures are available in the New Jersey Stormwater Best Management Practices Manual. If the maintenance plan identifies a person other than the developer (for example, a public agency or homeowners' association) as having the responsibility for maintenance, the plan shall include documentation of such person's agreement to assume this responsibility, or of the developer's obligation to dedicate a stormwater management facility to such person under an applicable ordinance or regulation.

3. Responsibility for maintenance shall not be assigned or transferred to the owner or tenant of an individual property in a residential development or project, unless such owner or tenant owns or leases the entire residential development or project.

4. If the person responsible for maintenance identified under Section 17-11.9.B.2 above is not a public agency, the maintenance plan and any future revisions based on Section 17-11.9.B.7 below shall be recorded upon the deed of record for each property on which the maintenance described in the maintenance plan must be undertaken.

5. Preventative and corrective maintenance shall be performed to maintain the function of the stormwater management measure, including repairs or replacement to the structure; removal of sediment, debris, and trash; restoration of eroded areas; snow and ice

removal; fence repair or replacement; restoration of vegetation; and repair or replacement of nonvegetated linings.

6. The person responsible for maintenance identified under Section 17-11.9.B.2 above shall maintain a detailed log of all preventative and corrective maintenance for the structural stormwater management measures incorporated into the design of the development, including a record of all inspections and copies of all maintenance-related work orders.

7. The person responsible for maintenance identified under Section 17-11.9.B.2 above shall evaluate the effectiveness of the maintenance plan at least once per year and adjust the plan and the deed as needed.

8. The person responsible for maintenance identified under Section 17-11.9.B.2 above shall retain and make available, upon request by any public entity with administrative, health, environmental, or safety authority over the site, the maintenance plan and the documentation required by Sections 17-11.9.B.6 and 17-11.9.B.7 above.

9. The requirements of Sections 17-11.9. B. 3 and 17-11.9. B. 4 do not apply to stormwater management facilities that are dedicated to and accepted by the municipality or another governmental agency.

10. In the event that the stormwater management facility becomes a danger to public safety or public health, or if it is in need of maintenance, the municipality shall so notify the responsible person in writing. Upon receipt of that notice, the responsible person shall have fourteen (14) days to effect maintenance and repair of the facility in a manner that is approved by the municipal engineer or his designee. If the responsible person fails or refuses to perform such maintenance and repair, the municipality or County may immediately proceed to do so and shall bill the cost thereof to the responsible person.

C. Nothing in this section shall preclude the municipality in which the major development is located from requiring the posting of a performance or maintenance guarantee in accordance with N.J.S.A. 40: 55D-53.

D. Penalties

Any person who violates any portion or section of this ordinance shall be subject to the penalties, as specified herein.

17-11.10: Effective Date

This ordinance shall take effect after final passage, adoption, and publication by the Mayor and Council of the Borough of Sea Girt, in the manner prescribed by law.

17-11.11: Severability

If the provisions of any article, section, subsection, paragraph, subdivision, or clause of this ordinance shall be judged invalid by a court of competent jurisdiction, such order of judgment shall not affect or invalidate the remainder of any article, section, subsection, paragraph, subdivision, or clause of this ordinance.

17-11.12: Definitions

Unless specifically defined below, words or phrases used in this ordinance shall be interpreted so as to give them the meaning they have in common usage and to give this ordinance its most reasonable application.

"CAFRA Planning Map" means the geographic depiction of the boundaries for Coastal Planning Areas, CAFRA Centers, CAFRA Cores and CAFRA Nodes pursuant to N.J.A.C.7: 7E-5B. 3.

"CAFRA Centers, Cores or Nodes" means those areas within boundaries accepted by the Department pursuant to N.J.A.C.7: 8E-5B. "Compaction" means the increase in soil bulk density.

"Core" means a pedestrian-oriented area of commercial and civic uses serving the surrounding municipality, generally including housing and access to public transportation.

"County review agency" means an agency designated by the County Board of Chosen Freeholders to review municipal stormwater management plans and implementing ordinance(s). The county review agency may either be:

A county planning agency; or

A county water resource association created under N. J. S. A 58: 16A-55.5, if the ordinance or resolution delegates authority to approve, conditionally approve, or disapprove municipal stormwater management plans and implementing ordinances.

"Department" means the New Jersey Department of Environmental Protection.

"Designated Center" means a State Development and Redevelopment Plan Center as designated by the State Planning Commission such as urban, regional, town, village, or hamlet.

"Design engineer" means a person professionally qualified and duly licensed in New Jersey to perform engineering services that may include, but not necessarily be limited to, development of project requirements, creation and development of project design and preparation of drawings and specifications.

"Development" means the division of a parcel of land into two or more parcels, the construction, reconstruction, conversion, structural alteration, relocation or enlargement of any building or structure, any mining excavation or landfill, and any use or change in the use of any building or other structure, or land or extension of use of land, for which permission is required under the Municipal Land Use Law, N.J.S.A. 40: 55D-1 et seq. In the case of development of agricultural lands, development means: any activity that requires a State permit; any activity reviewed by the County Agricultural Board (CAB) and the State Agricultural Development Committee (SADC), and municipal review of any activity not exempted by the Right to Farm Act, N. J. S. A 4: 1C-1 et seq.

"Drainage area" means a geographic area within which stormwater, sediments, or dissolved materials drain to a particular receiving waterbody or to a particular point along a receiving waterbody.

"Environmentally constrained area" means the following areas where the physical alteration of the land is in some way restricted, either through regulation, easement, deed restriction or ownership such as: wetlands, floodplains, threatened and endangered species sites or designated habitats, and parks and preserves. Habitats of endangered or threatened species are identified using the Department's Landscape Project as approved by the Department's Endangered and Nongame Species Program.

"Environmentally critical areas" means an area or feature which is of significant environmental value, including but not limited to: stream corridors; natural heritage priority sites; habitat of endangered or threatened species; large areas of contiguous open space or upland forest; steep slopes; and well head protection and groundwater recharge areas. Habitats of endangered or threatened species are identified using the Department's Landscape Project as approved by the Department's Endangered and Nongame Species Program.

"Empowerment Neighborhood" means a neighborhood designated by the Urban Coordinating Council "in consultation and conjunction with" the New Jersey Redevelopment Authority pursuant to N. J. S. A 55: 19-69.

"Erosion" means the detachment and movement of soil or rock fragments by water, wind, ice or gravity.

"Impervious surface" means a surface that has been covered with a layer of material so that it is highly resistant to infiltration by water.

"Infiltration" is the process by which water that seeps into the soil from precipitation.

"Major development" means any "development" that provides for ultimately disturbing one or more acres of land or increasing impervious surface by one-quarter acre or more. Disturbance for the purpose of this rule is the placement of impervious surface or exposure and/ or movement of soil or bedrock or clearing, cutting, or removing of vegetation. Projects undertaken by any government agency which otherwise meet the definition of "major development" but which do not require approval under the Municipal Land Use Law, N.J.S.A. 40: 55D-1 et seq. are also considered "major development."

"Municipality" means any city, borough, town, township, or village.

"Node" means an area designated by the State Planning Commission concentrating facilities and activities which are not organized in a compact form.

"Nutrient" means a chemical element or compound, such as nitrogen or phosphorus, which is essential to and promotes the development of organisms.

"Person" means any individual, corporation, company, partnership, firm, association, or political subdivision of this State and any state, interstate or federal agency.

"Pollutant" means any dredged spoil, solid waste, incinerator residue, filter backwash, sewage, garbage, refuse, oil, grease, sewage sludge, munitions, chemical wastes, biological materials, medical wastes, radioactive substance (except those regulated under the Atomic Energy Act of 1954, as amended (42 U. S. C. 2011 et seq.), thermal waste, wrecked or discarded equipment, rock, sand, cellar dirt, industrial, municipal, agricultural, and construction waste or runoff, or other residue discharged directly or indirectly to the land, ground waters or surface waters of the State, or to a domestic treatment works. "Pollutant" includes both hazardous and nonhazardous pollutants.

"Recharge" means the amount of water from precipitation that infiltrates into the ground and is not evapotranspired.

"Sediment" means solid material, mineral or organic, that is in suspension, is being transported, or has been moved from its site of origin by air, water or gravity as a product of erosion.

"Site" means the lot or lots upon which a major development is to occur or has occurred.

"Soil" means all unconsolidated mineral and organic material of any origin.

"State Development and Redevelopment Plan Metropolitan Planning Area (PA1)" means an area delineated on the State Plan Policy Map and adopted by the State Planning Commission that is intended to be the focus for much of the state's future redevelopment and revitalization efforts.

"State Plan Policy Map" is defined as the geographic application of the State Development and Redevelopment Plan's goals and statewide policies, and the official map of these goals and policies.

"Stormwater" means water resulting from precipitation (including rain and snow) that runs off the land's surface, is transmitted to the subsurface, or is captured by separate storm sewers or other sewage or drainage facilities.

"Stormwater management basin" means an excavation or embankment and related areas designed to retain stormwater runoff. A stormwater management basin may either be normally dry (that is, a detention basin or infiltration basin), retain water in a permanent pool (a retention basin), or be planted mainly with wetland vegetation (most constructed stormwater wetlands).

"Stormwater management measure" means any structural or nonstructural strategy, practice, technology, process, program, or other method intended to control or reduce stormwater runoff and associated pollutants, or to induce or control the infiltration or groundwater recharge of stormwater or to eliminate illicit or illegal non-stormwater discharges into stormwater conveyances.

"Stormwater runoff" means water flow on the surface of the ground or in storm sewers, resulting from precipitation.

"Tidal Flood Hazard Area" means a flood hazard area, which may be influenced by stormwater runoff from inland areas, but which is primarily caused by the Atlantic Ocean.

"Urban Coordinating Council Empowerment Neighborhood" means a neighborhood given priority access to state resources through the New Jersey Redevelopment Authority.

"Urban Enterprise Zones" means a zone designated by the New Jersey Enterprise Zone Authority pursuant to the New Jersey Urban Enterprise Zones Act, N.J.S.A. 52: 27H-60 et. seq.

"Urban Redevelopment Area" is defined as previously developed portions of areas:

- (1) Delineated on the State Plan Policy Map (SPPM) as the Metropolitan Planning Area (PA1), Designated Centers, Cores or Nodes;
- (2) Designated as CAFRA Centers, Cores or Nodes,
- (3) Designated as Urban Enterprise Zones; and
- (4) Designated as Urban Coordinating Council Empowerment Neighborhoods.

"Waters of the State" means the ocean and its estuaries, all springs, streams, wetlands, and bodies of surface or ground water, whether natural or artificial, within the boundaries of the State of New Jersey or subject to its jurisdiction.

"Wetlands" or "wetland" means an area that is inundated or saturated by surface water or ground water at a frequency and duration sufficient to support, and that under normal circumstances does support, a prevalence of vegetation typically adapted for life in saturated soil conditions, commonly known as hydrophytic vegetation.

The foregoing Ordinance was approved for introduction with Second Reading and Public Hearing to take place on March 14th, 2007 at 7:30pm @ the Sea Girt Elementary School, Belle Place, Sea Girt, NJ by the following Roll Call Vote:

AYES: Niemeyer, Clemmensen, Morris, Fetzer

NAYS: None

ABSTAIN: None

ABSENT: Bogan, Niemeyer

R-40-2007 Resolution to Authorize Advertisement for Bids Brooklyn Blvd Road Improvement Project - March 1, 2007

Councilman Niemeyer offered and moved the following Resolution, Seconded, Councilman Fetzer.

RESOLUTION R-40-2007

RESOLUTION TO ADVERTISE FOR BIDS.

WHEREAS, the Borough of Sea Girt is in receipt of NJDOT funds for the purpose of Road Improvement Projects, Brooklyn Blvd., and

WHEREAS, the Borough of Sea Girt is desirous of completing this project as soon as possible.

NOW, THEREFORE BE IT RESOLVED, that the Borough Engineer is hereby authorized to perform the following tasks in the following timeframe.

1. February 9, 2007 – Plans and Specifications to NJDOT
2. March 1, 2007 - Advertise Bids in the Asbury Park Press & Coast Star
3. March 22, 2007 - Receive Bids at 10:30 am at Borough Hall
4. March 28, 2007 - Report to Mayor and Council at regular meeting recommending award of contract.

The foregoing Resolution was approved by the following Roll Call Vote:

AYES: Niemeyer, Clemmensen, Morris, Fetzer

NAYS: None

ABSTAIN: None

ABSENT: Farrell, Bogan

R-41-2007 Resolution to Offer the State Long Term Care Insurance Plan

Councilman Niemeyer offered and moved the following Resolution, Seconded, Councilwoman Morris.

RESOLUTION R-41-2007

RESOLUTION TO OFFER THE STATE LONG-TERM CARE INSURANCE PLAN

RESOLUTION to elect to offer the State of New Jersey's Long-Term Care Insurance Plan to employees and retirees.

WHEREAS, the State, through the Division of Purchase and Property, awarded a Long Term Care Insurance Plan Contract for State employees to Prudential Insurance Company of American (hereinafter "Prudential") on May 4, 2001 (hereinafter "the Contract"); and

WHEREAS, N.J.S.A. 52:18-11.2, provides that the State Treasurer shall negotiate and arrange for a long term care insurance plan to employees and retirees of any local public employer contracting unit adopting a resolution offering its employees and retirees the opportunity to participate, at their own cost; and

WHEREAS, the Contract has been amended to permit participation by eligible active and retired employees of any local contracting unit adopting a resolution offering it's employees and retirees the opportunity to participate in the Contract; therefore

BE IT RESOLVED

1. The Borough of Sea Girt hereby offers the Long-Term Care Insurance Plan that is the subject of the Contract to its employees and retirees.
2. We understand that submission of a certified copy of this resolution to the Division of Pensions and Benefits ("the Division") is s prerequisite to any of our employees and retirees applying to enroll in the Plan options and benefits offered under the Contract.
3. We understand that following its receipt of a certified copy of this resolution, the Division enrollment in the Plan options and benefits offered under the Contract.
4. We acknowledge that we will cooperate with Prudential in making the opportunity for our employees and retirees to apply to Prudential for enrollment in the plan options and benefits offered under the Contract.
5. We understand that an employee or retiree eligible to participate in the plan options and benefits offered under the Contract shall pay the entire cost associated therewith.
6. We understand that an enrolled employee may elect to have a deduction made from his or her salary for the payment of premiums due Prudential under the Contract.

The foregoing Resolution was approved by the following Roll Call Vote:

AYES: Niemeyer, Clemmensen, Morris, Fetzer

NAYS: None

ABSTAIN: None

ABSENT: Farrell, Bogan

Committee Reports

Council President Clemmensen motioned that due to the inclement weather the Committee reports be waived, Seconded, Councilman Niemeyer. The motion was carried by voice vote.

R- 42-2007 Resolution to Pay Bills

Councilwoman Morris offered and moved the following Resolution, Seconded, Councilman Niemeyer.

RESOLUTION R-42-2007

RESOLUTION TO PAY BILLS

RESOLUTION AUTHORIZING THE PAYMENT OF BILLS

BE IT RESOLVED, by the Borough Council of the Borough of Sea Girt that bills be paid as appearing on the Bill List dated February 14, 2007 in total as follows:

CURRENT FUND	\$ 241,251.78
WATER FUND	\$ 42,584.39
BEACH OPERATING FUND	\$ 2,091.20
GRANT FUND	\$ 0.00
ANIMAL CONTROL FUND	\$ 48.00
TRUST FUND	\$ 4,306.62
GENERAL CAPITAL FUND	\$ 7,168.82
WATER / SEWER CAPITAL FUND	\$ 864.38
BEACH CAPITAL FUND	\$ 0.00
RECREATION TRUST FUND	\$ 59.99
UNEMPLOYMENT COMP. TRUST	\$ 511.97

PUBLIC PARTICIPATION ON ANY SUBJECT

Council President Clemmensen opened the meeting to the public at 7:47pm. Being there were no members of the public wishing to speak, the Council President closed the meeting to public participation at 7:47pm.

R-43-2007 Resolution for Executive Session

Councilman Niemeyer offered and moved to VOID R-43-2007 as it was not needed, Council President Clemmensen seconded. The motion was carried by voice vote.

OTHER BUSINESS

Councilman Fetzer offered and moved the following Resolution, Seconded, Councilman Niemeyer.

RESOLUTION R-44-2007

RESOLUTION TO HIRE WATER TECHNICIAN #1 – PART-TIME

WHEREAS, the Borough of Sea Girt is in need of a part-time water technician to assist in the operations of the boroughs water system, and

WHEREAS, this position shall be filled by Robert Koches a licensed water systems operator.

NOW, THEREFORE BE IT RESOLVED, that Robert Koches shall be paid \$1200.00 monthly, at the pleasure of council, for an annual income of \$14,400.00, to provide assistance with the operation, maintenance and supervision of Sea Girt's water plant and related systems effective, February 1, 2007.

The foregoing Resolution was approved by the following Roll Call Vote:

AYES: Niemeyer, Clemmensen, Morris, Fetzer

NAYS: None

ABSTAIN: None

ABSENT: Farrell, Bogan

ADJOURNMENT

Councilwoman Morris offered and moved for adjournment at 7:49pm, Seconded, Councilman Niemeyer. The motion was approved by voice vote and the meeting adjourned at 7:49pm.

Lorene K. Wright, RMC
Municipal Clerk